

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS10871**Specification****GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Product Information**

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q96P68
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38kDa KDa
Dilution	IHC-P~~N/A

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 27199**Other Names**

2-oxoglutarate receptor 1, Alpha-ketoglutarate receptor 1, G-protein coupled receptor 80, G-protein coupled receptor 99, P2Y purinoceptor 15, P2Y15, P2Y-like GPCR, P2Y-like nucleotide receptor, OXGR1, GPR80, GPR99, P2RY15, P2Y15

Target/Specificity

Human OXGR1. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

Precautions

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protein Information**Name** OXGR1**Function**

G protein-coupled receptor for dicarboxylates and amino dicarboxylates (PubMed: 15141213, PubMed: 36571463, PubMed: 36919698). Receptor for itaconate, a metabolite produced by myeloid lineages (PubMed: 36919698). In the respiratory epithelium, couples the binding of itaconate to the activation of GNA11 and downstream intracellular Ca(2+) release, leading to mucocilliary clearance of airborne pathogens (PubMed: 36919698).

Receptor for leukotriene E4 (LTE4) produced by mast cells upon allergic inflammation. Binds with high affinity to LTE4 and elicits mucin release from pulmonary epithelium in response to airborne fungi allergens. Regulates mucin-producing goblet cell homeostasis (By similarity). Receptor for alpha-ketoglutarate produced by proximal tubule renal cells upon metabolic alkalosis. In an intrarenal paracrine signaling pathway, binds alpha-ketoglutarate and drives transepithelial salt reabsorption and bicarbonate secretion by SLC26A4/pendrin-positive intercalated cells (By similarity) (PubMed: <http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15141213> target="_blank">15141213).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Upon itaconate binding, internalizes via endocytosis in a beta-arrestin dependent manner

Tissue Location

Detected in kidney and, to a lower extent, in placenta. Not detected in brain tissues including the frontal cortex, caudate putamen, thalamus, hypothalamus, hippocampus or pons

Volume

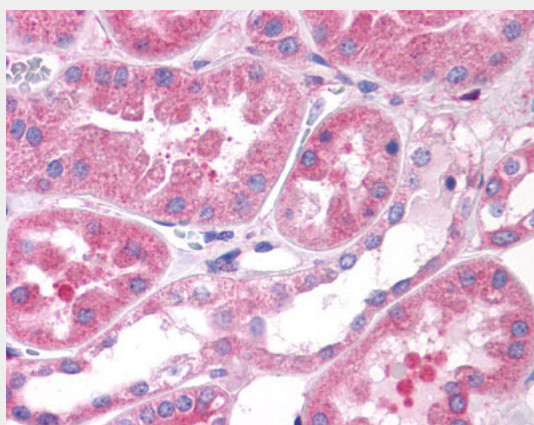
50 µl

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Protocols

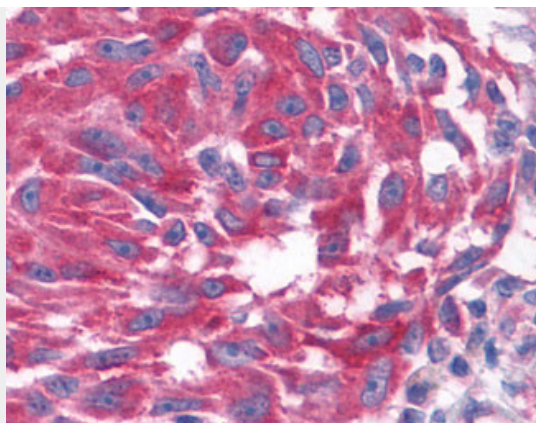
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Images



Anti-OXGR1 antibody ALS10871 IHC of human kidney.



Anti-GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 antibody IHC of human Skin, Melanoma.

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - Background

Receptor for alpha-ketoglutarate. Seems to act exclusively through a G(q)-mediated pathway (By similarity).

GPR80 / GPR99 / OXGR1 Antibody (N-Terminus) - References

- Lee D.K.,et al.Gene 275:83-91(2001).
Wittenberger T.,et al.BMC Genomics 3:17-17(2002).
Takeda S.,et al.FEBS Lett. 520:97-101(2002).
Suwa M.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Bruess M.,et al.Submitted (FEB-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.